



Naval Air Station Brunswick GWETS – A Practical Approach to Sustainable Remediation



NAS Brunswick Groundwater Extraction & Treatment System: A Practical Approach to Sustainable Remediation

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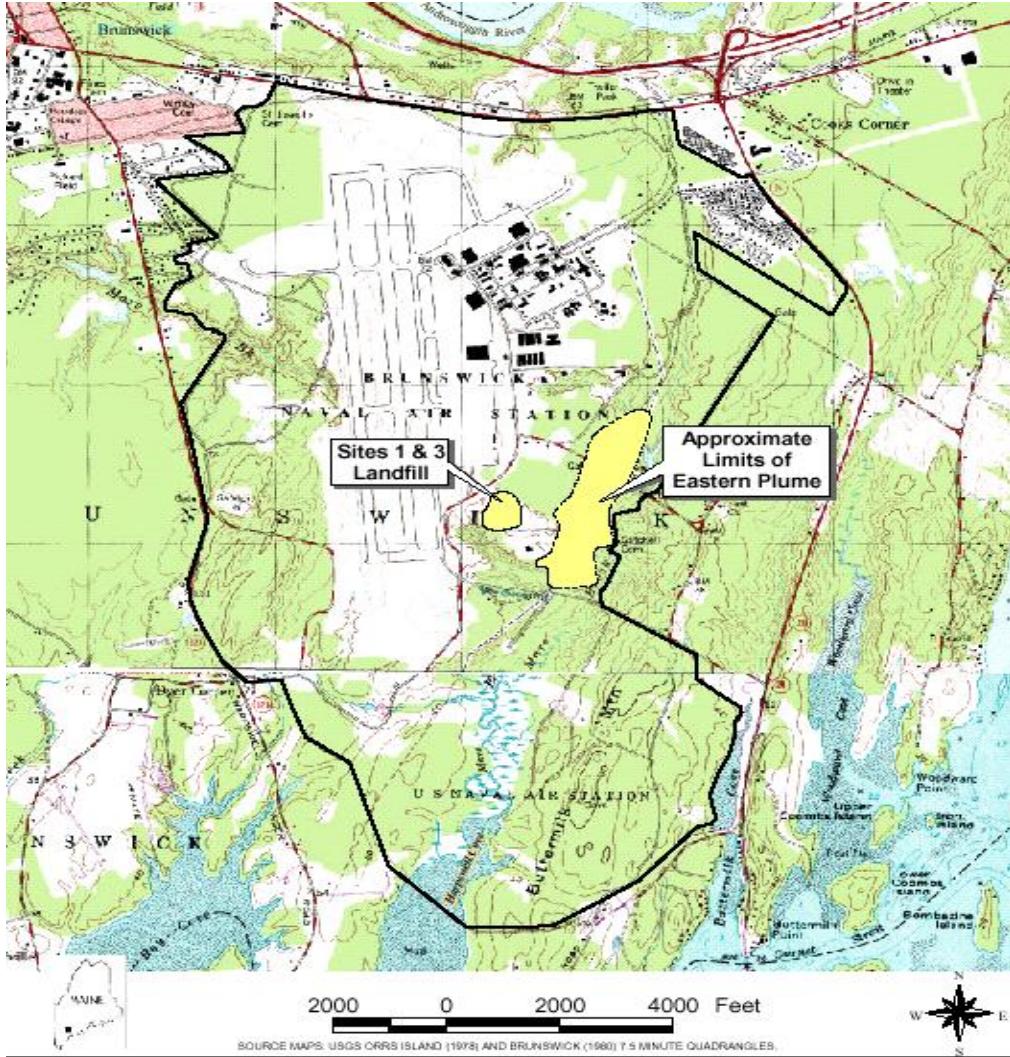


Overview

- Groundwater Extraction & Treatment System (GWETS) has been operating at NAS Brunswick for over 15 years
- Navy Team has aggressively sought opportunities to enhance sustainability of remedial operations while protecting human health and the environment
- Enhancements (current and proposed) have included:
 - On-site recycling of GWETS effluent to infiltration gallery
 - Power consumption analysis to minimize environmental footprint and develop more energy efficient treatment train
 - Continued evolution and update of site conceptual model and associated risk assessment analysis to support long term strategies and decision making



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- **NAS Brunswick located on Maine's southern coast.**
- **Supported the Navy's antisubmarine warfare operations from 1940s to 2010.**
- **Identified for Base Closure in 2011 in accordance with 2005 BRAC law.**
- **Now in final stages of BRAC process, property to be transferred back to public.**
- **Residual contamination being mitigated under the Navy's Installation Restoration Program.**

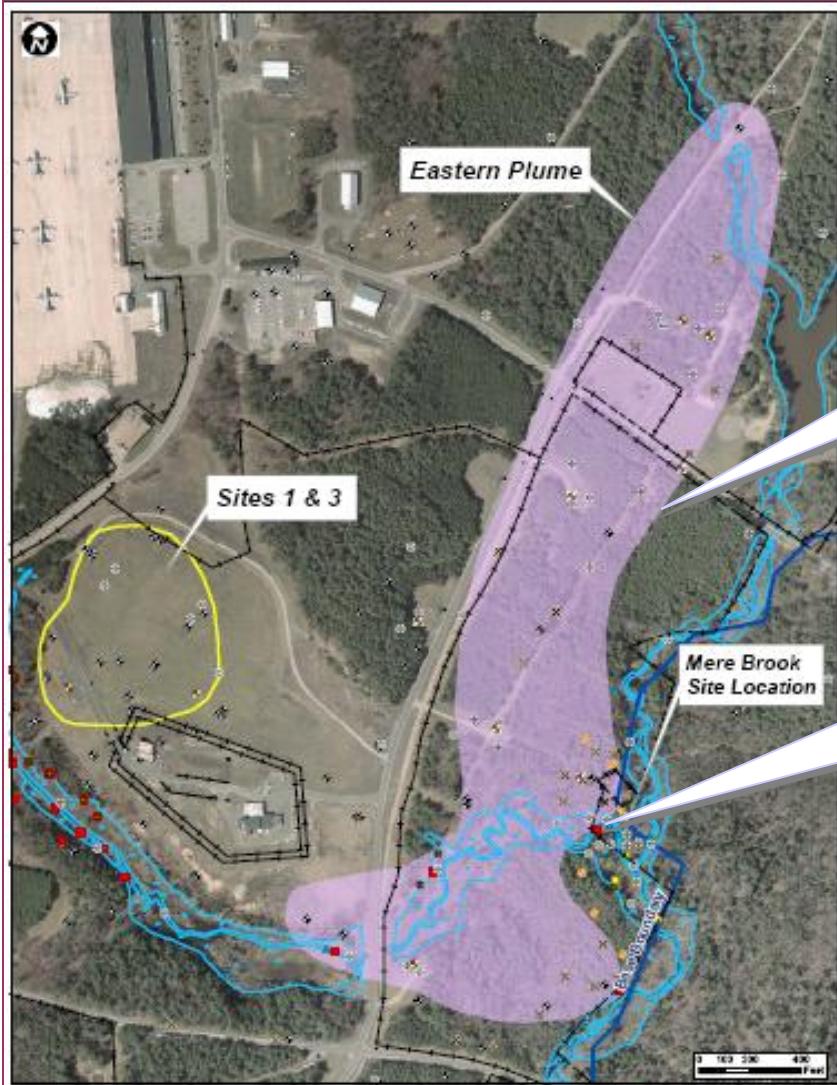


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Eastern Plume is hydraulically contained by clay aquitard overlying bedrock

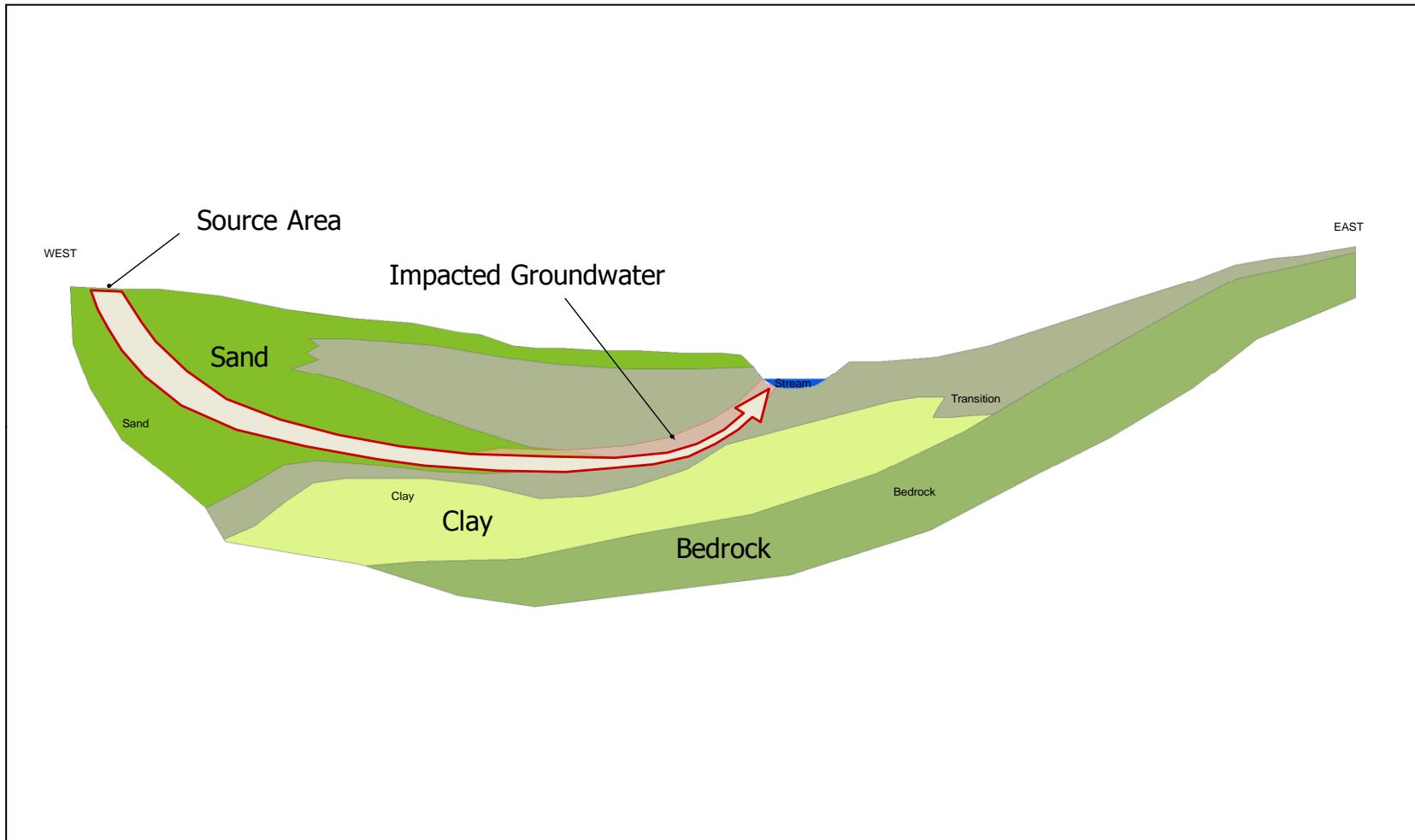
However, groundwater upwells and discharges along several areas of Mere Brook



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Groundwater Contaminant Migration Route





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GWETS at Building 50

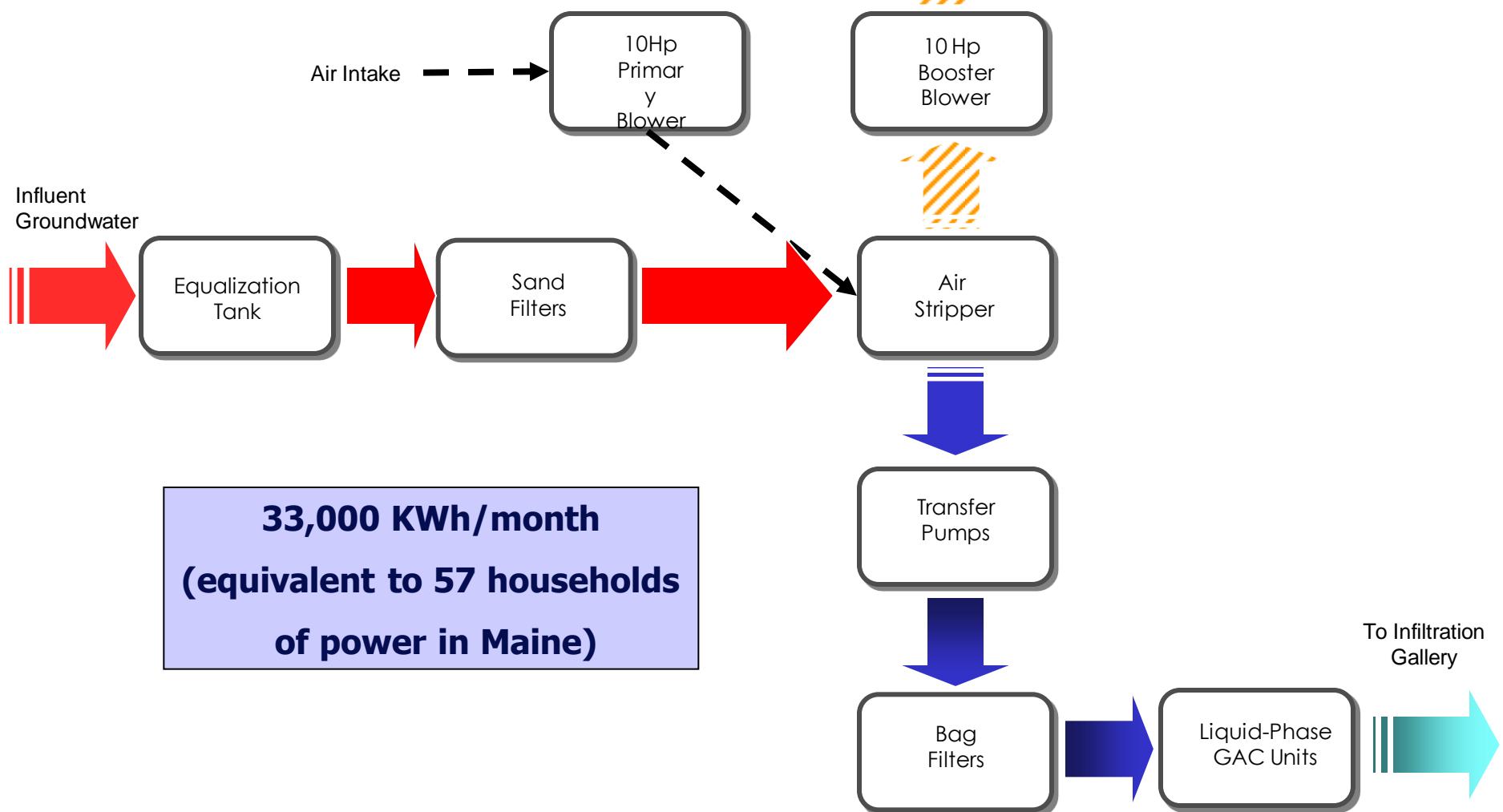


GWETS Operational Schematic

Untreated Groundwater
Process Water after Primary Treatment
Treated Effluent

Process Vapor after Primary Treatment
Cleaned Air Emission

24KW Air-Stream Heater
Vapor-Phase GAC Units
Atmospheric Emission





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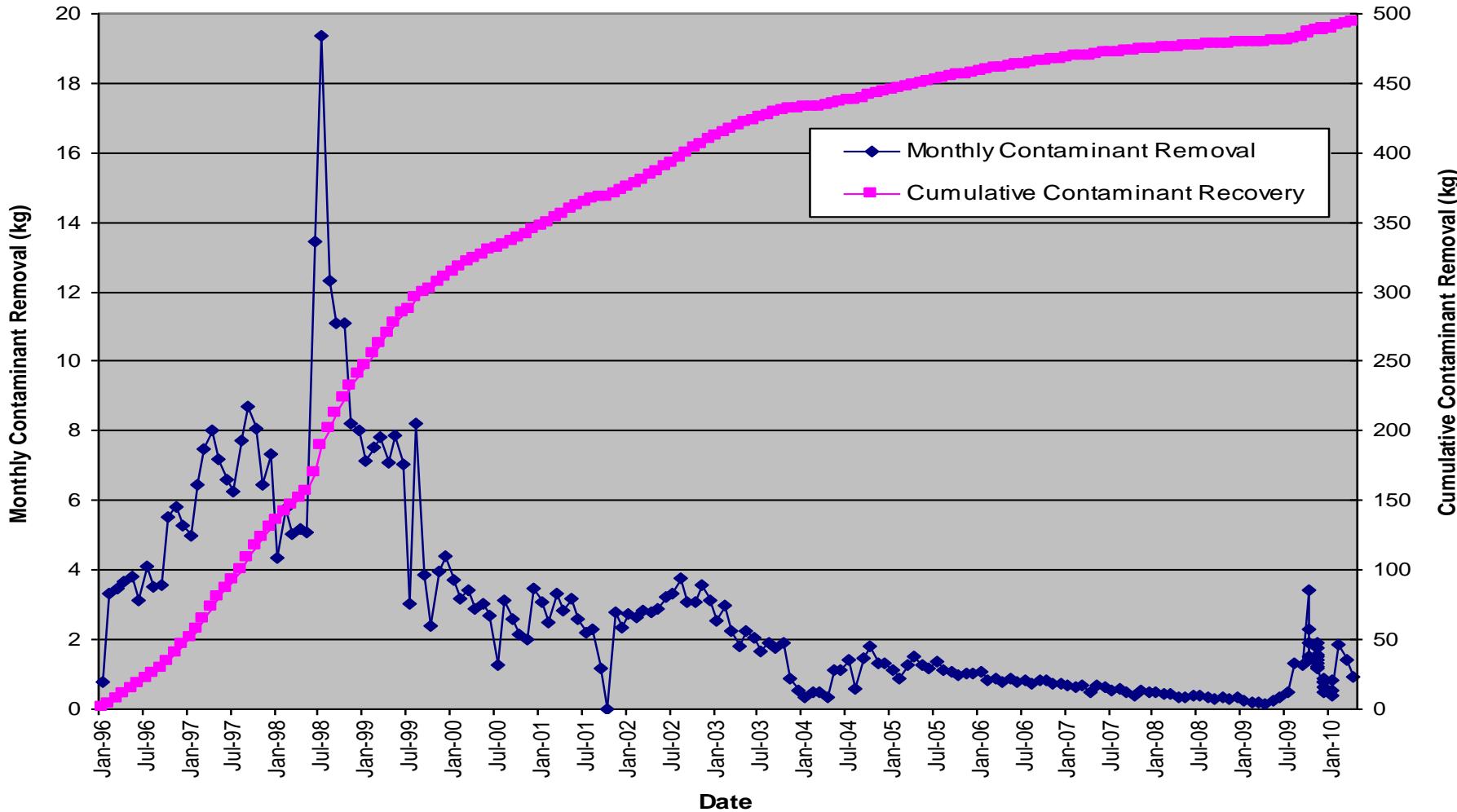
Plume Reduction Since 1995



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Naval Air Station Brunswick GWETS
Contaminant Removal Rate & Cumulative Contaminant Mass Recovery





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Back Diffusion Problem



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GWETS Performance Summary

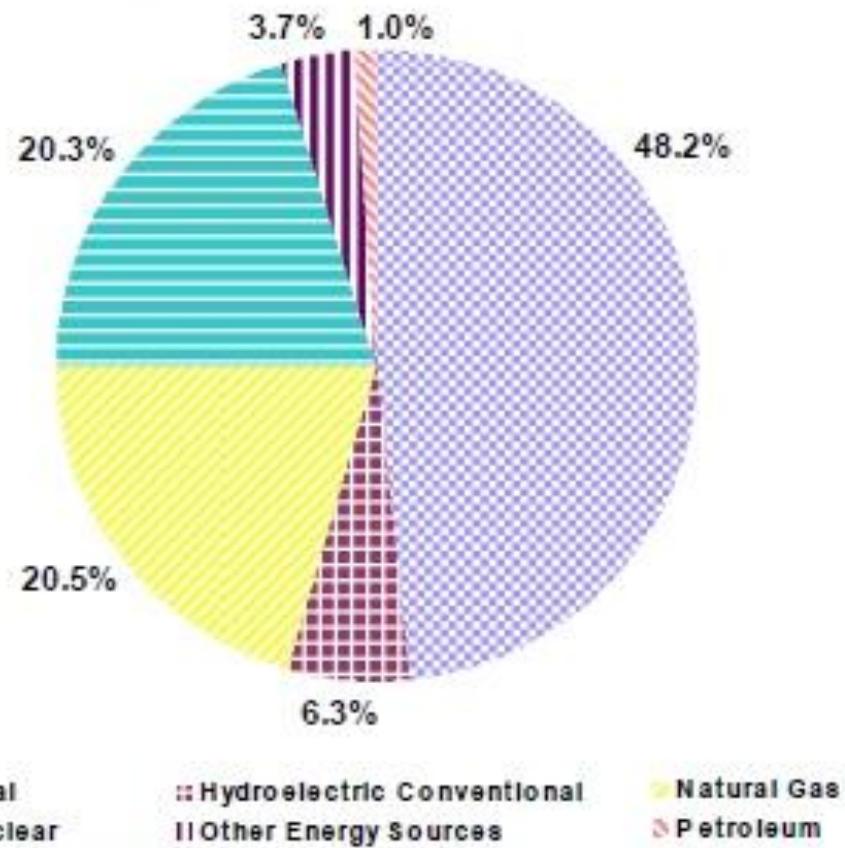
- Very effective for hydraulic control and contaminant recovery during first 10 years
- Diminishing effectiveness since 2005, GWETS operations have reached asymptotic range
- Further contaminant recovery is diffusion-limited
- Eastern Plume chlorinated solvent concentrations substantially reduced, although residual impacts continue to exceed site closure requirements
- Several decades may be required to reach site closure using diffusion-limited pumping
- What are the off-site environmental impacts incurred during GWETS operation?



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USA Electrical Generation by Energy Source – All Sectors (effective February 2010, not specific to NASB)





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Annual Off-site Air Emissions Relative to Chlorinated Solvent Recovery

Total Annual Emissions for Conventional Sources of GWETS Electrical Demand*

Sulfur Oxides (SOx)	3,893 lbs
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)	2,007 lbs
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	71 lbs
Fine Particulates	3,785 lbs
Mercury	151 lbs
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	558,407 lbs

Asymptotic GWETS Chlorinated Solvent Recovery = 10-12 lbs per year.

* 20% of power provided by nuclear sources not included,
generation breakdown typical for USA (not specific to NASB)



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Previously Completed Energy Efficiency Measures

1) Primary treatment changed from Metals Removal and UV Oxidation to Air-Stripping and Granular Activated Carbon (GAC)

- Substantial reduction in power usage

2) On-site infiltration gallery installed to accept treated effluent, reducing load on Brunswick Sewer System by 50,000-gal/day

- Eliminated sewer pumping and secondary wastewater treatment



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Infiltration Gallery

- Onsite subsurface crushed stone infiltration system, gravity fed
- Recharges approximately 25 million gallons per year into local aquifer – reduces load on local POTW
- Requires very little maintenance
- Is consistent with Low Impact Development (LID) initiatives



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Two Technical Challenges in 2009

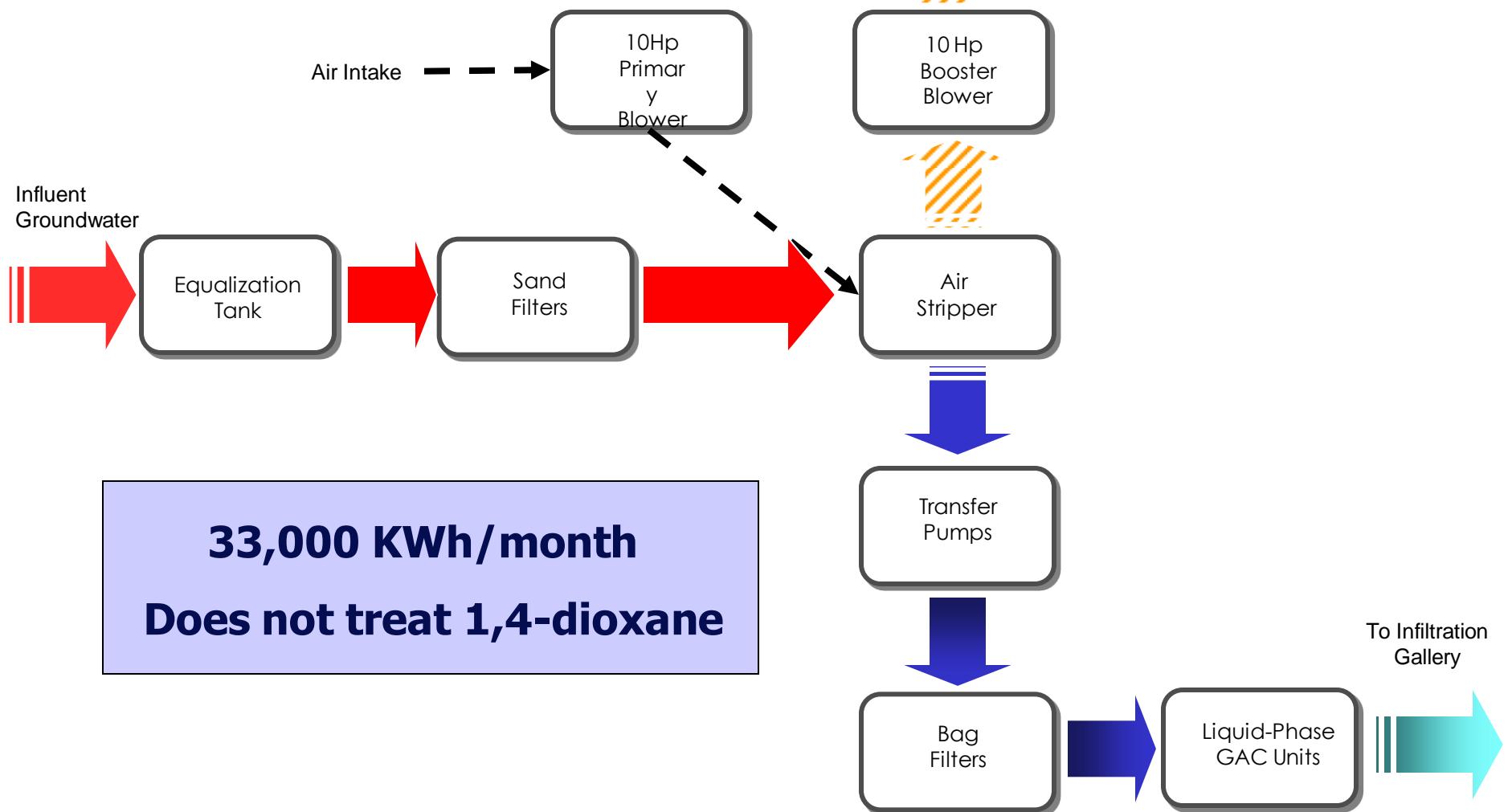
- 1) Reduce GWETS electrical demand in consideration of off-site environmental impacts
- 2) 1,4-dioxane: emerging groundwater contaminant not treated by existing air-stripper and GAC system

GWETS with Air-Stripper and GAC

Untreated Groundwater
Process Water after Primary Treatment
Treated Effluent

Process Vapor after Primary Treatment
Cleaned Air Emission

24KW Air-Stream Heater
Vapor-Phase GAC Units
Atmospheric Emission



GWETS with HiPOx and Liquid-Phase GAC

Untreated
Groundwater

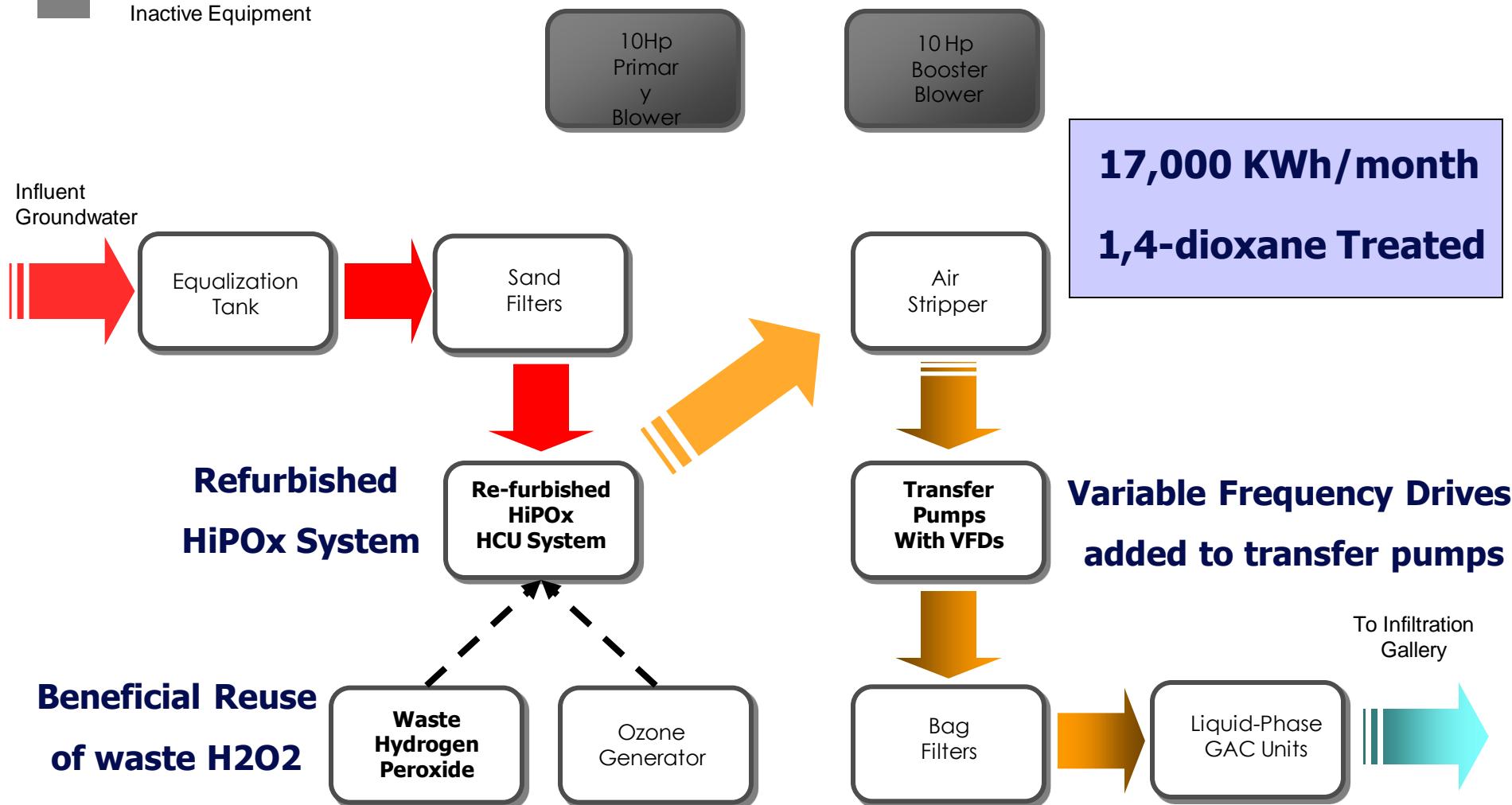
Process Water
after HiPOx

Treated Effluent

Inactive Equipment

24KW
Air-
Stream
Heater

Vapor-Phase
GAC Units





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Need for Transition to Sustainable Remediation

- Contaminant mass recovery by GWETS is returning to asymptotic conditions, further removal is diffusion-limited
- Although significantly reduced, residual chlorinated solvent concentrations continue to exceed regulatory standards
- Off-site (i.e., global) environmental impacts associated with electrical power generation for GWETS operation has an impact on regional environmental quality
- Navy continuing to investigate nearby surface water area (Mere Brook) to assess the natural or enhanced attenuation capacity



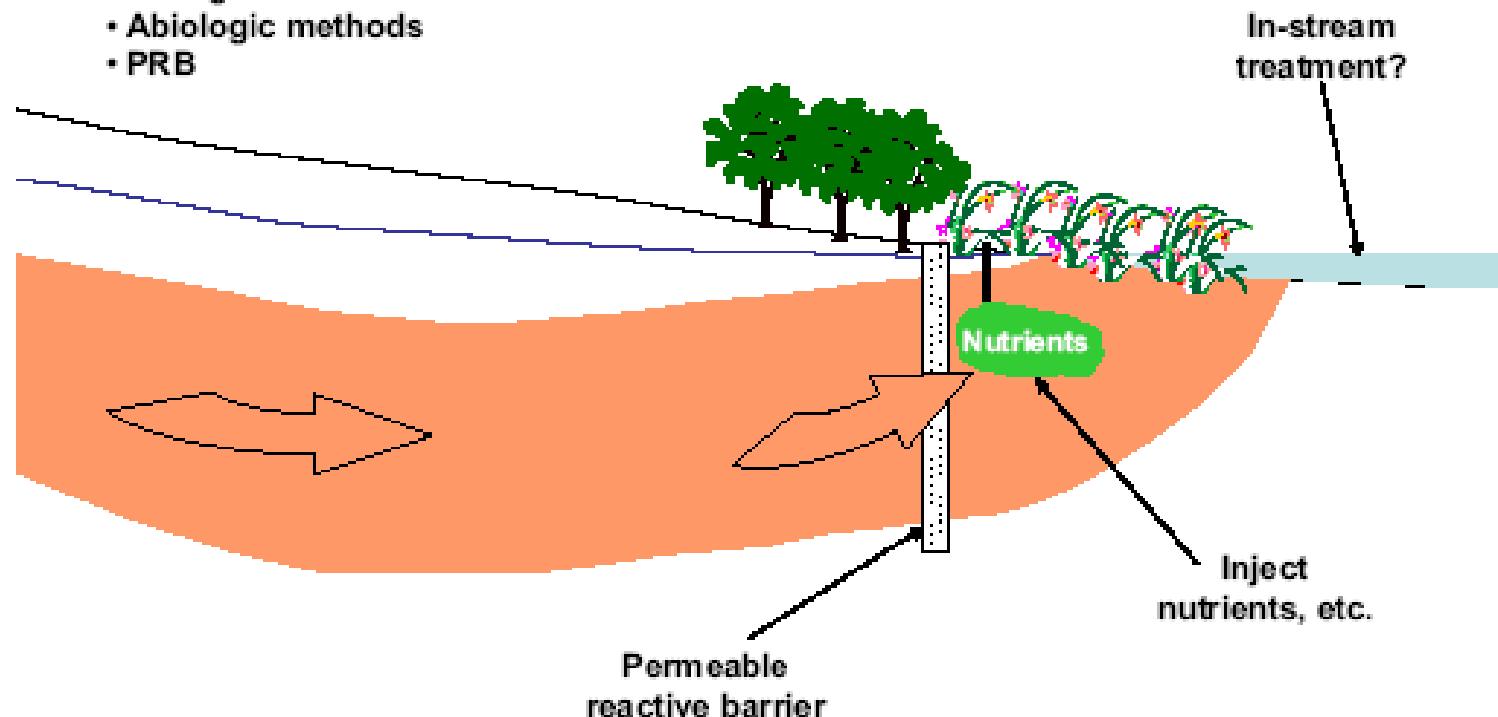
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Sustainable Alternatives to Groundwater Pumping

Reduce mass flux of contaminants at GW-SW interface

- Plant-based methods
- Biological methods
- Abiologic methods
- PRB





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Groundwater Discharge Area at Mere Brook





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Summary

- Overall environmental footprint should be evaluated at the early stages of remedial design
- Energy audit of remediation system and associated building infrastructure can result in significant long-term savings in power consumption costs
- Off-site environmental impacts incurred during power production for energy-intensive remedial systems should be considered as part of overall environmental strategy
- Further understanding and demonstration of natural attenuation mechanisms along with updated site conceptual model are critical to support best sustainable remedial alternatives for groundwater solvent plumes



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